

LIMITED LICENSE LEGAL TECHNICIAN (LLLT) BOARD March 13, 2014

AGENDA

Perkins Coie 1021 Third Avenue – Suite 4900 Seattle, Washington 98101 Time: 2:00 p.m. to 5:00 p.m.

- 1. Call to Order/Preliminary Matters (Steve Crossland) (2:00 p.m.)
 - Approval of February 20, 2014 meeting minutes
- 2. **Report of RPC Subcommittee Meeting** (2:15 p.m.)
- 3. **Report of Examination Subcommittee Meeting** (2:30 p.m.)
- 4. Timing of Rules and Regulation Package to Supreme Court (2:45 p.m)
- 5. **Draft Amendments to APR 28** (Thea Jennings) (3:00 p.m.)
 - Administration and expenses of the Board
 - Confidentiality and public records
- 6. **Draft Amendments to Appendix APR 28 & NEW Licensing Regulations 13-20** (Thea Jennings) (3:15 p.m.)
 - Character and fitness hearings
 - Annual licensing requirements, including financial responsibility, trust account declarations, continuing education
 - License status changes and administrative suspensions
 - Reapplications after disciplinary revocation
- 7. **Open Discussion**
- 8. **Adjourn** (5:00 p.m.)

MEETING MATERIALS

- 1. 2014-02-20 Draft Meeting Minutes [pp. 801-804]
- 2. 2014-02-20 RPC Subcommittee Minutes [pp. 805-808]
- 3. 2014-02-20 Examination Subcommittee Minutes [pp. 809-810]

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- 4. 2014-02-20 Appendix of Board Decisions [pp. 811-818]
- 5. Draft Amendments to APR 28 [pp. 819-825]
- 6. Draft Amendments to Appendix APR 28 [pp. 826-841]



LIMITED LICENSE LEGAL TECHNICIAN (LLLT) BOARD MEETING MINUTES

February 20, 2014

Washington State Bar Association Seattle, Washington

Members present were Ellen Dial (Acting Chair), Lupe Artiga, Jeanne Dawes, Lynn Fleischbein, Janet Olejar, Ellen Reed, Elisabeth Tutsch, and Ruth Walsh McIntyre.

Also in attendance was Thea Jennings (Staff Liaison) and Bobby Henry, RSD Associate Director. Reva Siewert, a representative from the Pacific Northwest Paralegal Association based in Oregon, appeared telephonically.

The meeting was called to order at 2:00 p.m.

I. Meeting Minutes

The minutes from the Board's January 16, 2014 meeting were approved.

II. RPC Consent Agenda Items

The Board then approved the February 20, 2014 consent agenda recommendation of the RPC Subcommittee:

- a. Proposed RPC 1.1 to RPC 1.6 of the LLLT Rules of Professional Conduct are approved in their entirety.
- b. Proposed RPC 1.13, RPC 1.16, and RPC 1.17 of the LLLT Rules of Professional Conduct are approved in their entirety.
- c. Proposed RPC Title 2 of the LLLT Rules of Professional Conduct is approved in its entirety.

III. Report of RPC Subcommittee Meeting

Subcommittee Chair Dial presented the report of the February 20, 2014 RPC subcommittee meeting.

RPC Subcommittee Timeline

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The Subcommittee clarified its timeline for submission of the RPC for LLLTs to the Supreme Court. The Court Rules Committee has convened a special meeting on August 25, 2014, to consider the RPC for LLLTs. The LLLT Board must submit the rules to the Committee by August 18, 2014, in time for the special meeting. At its meeting, the RPC Subcommittee then set a special, all-day meeting for July 31, 2014 to complete its work for submission to the full Board in time for it to approve the full set of RPC for LLLTs by the Court Rules Committee deadline. The Board will need to set a special meeting to consider the package for submission.

Waiver of Conflicts

The Subcommittee revisited the issue of whether to allow LLLTs to obtain informed consent to a conflict and discussed several hypothetical conflicts scenarios for LLLTs. After discussion of these hypotheticals, the Subcommittee voted six to one in favor of allowing LLLTs to obtain conflict waivers. The Subcommittee will consider a revised draft of the conflicts rules at its March meeting.

Draft Rules

At its next meeting, the Subcommittee will consider revised rules for Title 3, Title 4, Title 6, and Title 8. The Subcommittee expects to have draft rules for all sections by April, after which it will begin in its work refining the rules and completing necessary comments for submission to the Board in early August.

IV. Examination Consent Agenda

The Board then approved the February 20, 2014 consent agenda recommendation of the Examination Subcommittee:

- a. Proposed Revised LLLT Board Policies are adopted in their entirety.
- b. Proposed Amendments to Appendix APR 28 Regulations 5 and 8 are adopted in their entirety.

V. Report of Examination Subcommittee

Subcommittee Chair Lupe Artiga presented the report of the February 20, 2014 Examination subcommittee meeting.

Appointments to Family Law Advisory Workgroup

The Subcommittee reviewed the applicants for the Family Law Advisory Workgroup, which included many experienced and competent professionals. The Subcommittee recommends five individuals for appointment to the Family Law Advisory Workgroup:

- Alan S. Funk
- Grace Huang (participation shall be limited to domestic violence issues)
- Kimberly Loges
- Jennifer Summerville

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• Charles E. Szurszewski

The Subcommittee still needs to fill the sixth slot for the Advisory Workgroup. The Board then approved the appointments to the Advisory Workgroup. The Subcommittee will invite each appointee to attend the next meeting of the Examination Subcommittee.

Testing Objectives

The Subcommittee further discussed its family law testing objectives list and assigned weight to certain topics on a scale of 1-3, with one indicating major issues on which to test and 3 indicating topics that should be tested less frequently. The subcommittee will try to finalize the list of topics for its next meeting, at which time it will assign members topics.

The Subcommittee will need assistance completing the ethics testing objectives. Ellen Reed will create a table of ethics topics, similar to the family law objectives, each of which will be assigned weight.

Board Retreat

By the date of the Board retreat, the Subcommittee hopes to have the majority of questions written. Everyone on the Board will need to write questions. The Board will then refine and finalize those questions at its retreat.

New Scope Issues Identified

In the process of creating testing objectives, the Subcommittee has identified scope issues that the Scope of Practice Subcommittee did not address, which includes prenuptial agreements, tax debt issues, and whether LLLTs can issue subpoenas. The Examination Subcommittee will complete a list of these new items by May for the Board's consideration.

VI. Report re Spokane Crosswalk

Board member Janet Olejar reported on her recent contact with Bob Loomis, Paralegal Program Director at Spokane Community College, to obtain further information about the paralegal program and to work toward aligning Spokane's curriculum. As it stands, Spokane's curriculum requires further review to determine whether its curriculum meets the Board's core education requirements. Ms. Olejar indicated that Mr. Loomis will be unable to assist the Board in finalizing the Spokane curriculum crosswalk until sometime later in the year.

Staff Liaison Thea Jennings indicated that State Board for Community and Technical Colleges is planning a March press release and a webpage launch regarding the LLLT educational programs currently being offered at Washington State community colleges. Given this and the need to have information available to provide interested applicants regarding what coursework at Spokane applies to the core education, it is important this issue be resolved sooner rather than later. The Board chose to reconvene the Admissions

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& Licensing subcommittee to evaluate Spokane's curriculum and make recommendations to the Board.

VII. Timing of Family Law III

The Board discussed the timing of when Family Law III should be offered at UW Law School. After discussion and consideration of all the issues, including student feedback, issues related to development of the RPC for LLLTs, UW staffing issues, and the condensed summer quarter, the Board unanimously approved moving Family Law III to Fall Quarter 2014. This means the first licensing exam will likely be held in March 2015 with the first licenses to be issued in Spring 2015. UW Law School will also offer Family Law I in Fall Quarter 2014.

VIII. LLLT Licensing Application

WSBA staff has begun development with the IT department to create infrastructure for accepting examination applications for the program beginning in December 2014. The Board considered a draft licensing examination application for that purpose. It was noted that the application closely mirrors the application for the bar exam and the limited practice officer exam, including the questions related to character and fitness. The Board then unanimously approved the draft application.

IX. Family Soft, Support Calc, and Other Similar Legal Software Products

The Board discussed whether it needs to approve the use of Family Soft, Support Calc, and other similar legal software products for use by LLLTs. The Board does not approve proprietary software. However, the Board would note that LLLTs may use such or similar programs provided the form that is produced meets the requirements of APR 28F(6), meaning that the forms themselves that are produced by the software (as contrasted to the data and calculations entered into the forms by the software) comply with the rule. It will be the responsibility of each individual LLLT to ensure that the forms meet the requirements of the rule.

ADJOURNMENT

The meeting adjourned at 4:10 p.m.

NEXT MEETING

The next meeting will be 2:00 p.m. Thursday, March 13, 2014, at the offices of Perkins Coie, 1201 3rd Ave Ste. 4800, Seattle, Washington.



LIMITED LICENSE LEGAL TECHNICIAN (LLLT) BOARD LLLT RPC SUBCOMMITTEE MEETING MINUTES

February 20, 2014

Washington State Bar Association Seattle, Washington

Members present were Ellen Dial (Chair), Greg Dallaire, Doug Ende, Brooks Holland (by WebEx), Janet Olejar, Deborah Perluss, and Elisabeth Tutsch.

Also in attendance was Thea Jennings (Staff Liaison).

PRELIMINARY MATTERS

The meeting was called to order at 9:05 a.m.

I. Minutes of Prior Meeting

The subcommittee approved the January 16, 2014 meeting minutes with one clarification: Only subpart (1) of RPC 1.5(f) was reserved.

II. Timeline of Subcommittee

The subcommittee clarified its timeline for submission of the RPC for LLLTs to the Supreme Court. The Court Rules Committee has convened a special meeting on August 25, 2014, to consider the RPC for LLLTs. The LLLT Board must submit the rules to the Committee by August 18, 2014, in time for the special meeting. The RPC Subcommittee then set a special, all-day meeting for July 31, 2014 to complete its work for submission to the full Board in time for it to approve the full set of RPC for LLLTs by the Court Rules Committee deadline.

III. Consent Agenda Items

The subcommittee reviewed its February 20, 2014 consent agenda items:

- a) Proposed RPC 1.1 to RPC 1.6 of the LLLT Rules of Professional Conduct are adopted in their entirety.
- b) Proposed RPC 1.13, RPC 1.16, and RPC 1.17 of the LLLT Rules of Professional Conduct are adopted in their entirety.
- c) Proposed RPC Title 2 of the LLLT Rules of Professional Conduct is adopted in its entirety.

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The subcommittee approved the recommendations with one amendment to the comment to RPC 1.5. The last sentence of the comment should be revised to say: "Reservation of such paragraphs, however, is not intended to prohibit an LLLT from entering into an arrangement for the <u>division sharing</u> of a fee, including a contingent fee and/or retainer, with a lawyer, with whom the <u>an LLLT is permitted to has entered</u> into a for-profit business relationship under Rule 5.X."

The subcommittee noted that throughout the draft of the RPC for LLLTs (including in RPC 1.2(g)), it is stated that nothing in the RPC expands a LLLT's scope of authority under APR 28. The subcommittee will need to revisit this issue to determine to what extent such references are necessary.

IV. Report of Conflicts Workgroup & Hypotheticals

At its January meeting, the Board discussed the issue of whether LLLTs should be able to obtain informed consent to a conflict of interest. Though no vote was taken on the issue, a majority appeared in favor of allowing LLLTs to obtain waivers in order to meet the goals of the program. With that in mind, the Subcommittee revisited the issue and discussed several hypothetical conflicts scenarios for LLLTs to determine whether to allow LLLTs to obtain informed consent to a conflict. After discussion of these hypotheticals, the Subcommittee voted six to one in favor of allowing LLLTs to obtain conflict waivers. The Subcommittee will consider a revised draft of the conflicts rules at its March meeting.

V. Continued Discussion of Title 3

At its March meeting, the Subcommittee will consider a rethought draft of Title 3, which collapses RPC 3.1 to RPC 3.5 into one overarching rule given the limitations on LLLTs regarding appearing in court and communicating the positions of parties. RPC 3.6 to RPC 3.9 shall not apply to LLLTs.

VI. RPC 1.14 Diminished Capacity

The Subcommittee discussed draft RPC 1.14(b) and the comment to RPC 1.14. By a vote of four to three, the Subcommittee moved to revise RPC 1.14(b) by striking the following language and adding it to the comment to the rule: "The LLLT may take reasonably necessary protective action, including consulting with individuals or entities that have the ability to take action to protect the client and, in appropriate cases, seeking the appointment of a guardian ad litem, conservator or guardian." The Subcommittee voted to move this language to the last sentence of the comment to read: "In these situations, the appropriate protective action taken by an LLLT may include contacting—seeking the advice of a qualified lawyer, and, in appropriate cases, seeking the appointment of a guardian ad litem, conservator or guardian." A redraft of RPC 1.14 shall be on the March agenda.

VII. Report of Title 4 Workgroup

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At its March meeting, the Subcommittee will consider a revised draft of Title 4 that reflects the decision of the Board that an LLLT may not communicate with an unrepresented opposing party or a lawyer/LLLT representing an opposing party.

VIII. Report of Title 6 Workgroup

The Subcommittee then reviewed draft Title 6 and recommended the following:

- RPC 6.1. The pro bono requirement should be similar to lawyers, meaning LLLTs should aspire to render 30 pro bono hours.
- RPC 1.6(a). The term "civil" should be changed to "civic."
- RPC 6.1(b). The Subcommittee voted four to two in favor of allowing LLLTs who offer services at a "substantially reduced fee" to qualify for pro bono credit. Member Doug Ende abstained from voting.
- RPC 6.2. Reserved
- RPC 6.3. Draft rule approved.
- RPC 6.4. Draft should be revised such that the rule is not reserved.

At its March meeting, the Subcommittee will review a revised draft of Title 6 reflecting the above.

IX. Title 8 Workgroup Report

The Subcommittee discussed draft Title 8 and made the following recommendations:

- Draft RPC 8.1 should be retitled "Bar-Admission and Disciplinary Matters"
- Draft RPC 8.2 should not include "lawyers" among the list of "legal officials"
- Draft RPC 8.3:
 - o There should be no mandatory reporting requirement, as the Board will not hold LLLTs to higher standard than lawyers.
 - o Rather than in RPC 8.3(b), RPC 8.3(a) should recommend LLLTs report professional misconduct by lawyers.
 - o RPC 8.3(a) should not specifically reference the RPC for LLLTs because LLLTs will also report lawyer violations of the RPC. Cite instead generally to the "applicable rules of professional conduct."
 - An equivalent change to the lawyer rule will be necessary to recommend that lawyers report LLLT misconduct.
- Draft RPC 8.4:
 - O Two additional provisions were added to the rules: one to prohibit LLLTs from violating APR 28 or any related regulations, which should be cited to as RPC 8.4(o). The second addition regarding not engaging in the unauthorized practice of law was deemed unnecessary, as other provisions adequately address this issue.
 - o RPC 8.4(b) (renumbered RPC 8.4(d) in draft) should be revised to remove "lawyer" and replace it with "LLLT"

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- o RPC 8.4(f) (renumbered RPC 8.4 (h) in draft) should be revised as follows: "... applicable <u>rules of professional conduct</u>, rules of judicial conduct, or other law," as this rule should also apply to assisting lawyers in violating the RPC
- RPC 8.4(h) (renumbered RPC 8.4(j) in draft) should be revised as follows: "... toward <u>LLLTs</u>, lawyers, judges, or other parties and/or their counsel"
- o RPC 8.4(m) (renumbered in RPC 8.4(o) in draft) should be reserved.

The Subcommittee will continue its review of Title 8 at its next meeting.

X. Next Meeting

At its next meeting, the Subcommittee will consider revised drafts of the conflicts rules, RPC 1.14, Title 3, Title 4, and Title 6. It will further continue discussions regarding draft Title 8 and begin discussions regarding Title 7.

ADJOURNMENT

The meeting adjourned at 1:00 p.m.

NEXT MEETING

The next meeting will be 9:00 a.m. Thursday, March 13, 2014, at the offices of Perkins Coie, 1201 3rd Ave Ste. 4800, Seattle, Washington.



LIMITED LICENSE LEGAL TECHNICIAN (LLLT) BOARD EXAMINATION SUBCOMMITTEE MINUTES

February 20, 2014

Washington State Bar Association Seattle, Washington

Members present were Lupe Artiga (Chair), Brenda Cothary, Jeanne Dawes, Lynn Fleischbein, Ellen Reed, Melissa Shaw, and Ruth Walsh McIntyre.

Also in attendance was Bobby Henry (Associate Director for Regulatory Services).

PRELIMINARY MATTERS

The meeting was called to order at 9:00 a.m. The minutes of the January 16, 2014 meeting were approved.

BUSINESS

I. Examination Consent Agenda

The Subcommittee approved its February 20, 2014 consent agenda recommendation of the Examination subcommittee:

- a. Proposed Revised LLLT Board Policies are approved in their entirety.
- b. Proposed Amendments to Appendix APR 28 Regulations 5 and 8 are approved in their entirety.

II. Appointments to Family Law Advisory Workgroup

The Subcommittee reviewed the applicants for the Family Law Advisory Workgroup, which included many experienced and competent professionals. The Subcommittee decided to recommend to the Board five individuals for appointment to the Family Law Advisory Workgroup:

- Alan S. Funk
- Grace Huang (participation shall be limited to domestic violence issues)
- Kimberly Loges
- Jennifer Summerville
- Charles E. Szurszewski

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The Subcommittee still needs to fill the sixth slot for the Advisory Workgroup. The Subcommittee will invite each appointee to attend the next meeting of the Examination Subcommittee.

III. Testing Objectives

The Subcommittee further discussed its family law testing objectives list and assigned weight to certain topics on a scale of 1-3, with one indicating major issues on which to test and 3 indicating topics that should be tested less frequently. The subcommittee will try to finalize the list of topics for its next meeting, at which time it will assign members topics.

The Subcommittee will need assistance completing the ethics testing objectives. Ellen Reed will create a table of ethics topics, similar to the family law objectives, each of which will be assigned weight.

IV. Board Retreat

By the date of the Board retreat, the Subcommittee hopes to have the majority of questions written. Everyone on the Board will need to write questions. The Board will then refine and finalize those questions at its retreat.

V. New Scope Issues Identified

In the process of creating testing objectives, the Subcommittee has identified scope issues that the Scope of Practice Subcommittee did not address, which includes prenuptial agreements, tax debt issues, and whether LLLTs can issue subpoenas. The Examination Subcommittee will complete a list of these new items by May for the Board's consideration.

VI. Next Meeting

The Subcommittee will invite the Advisory Workgroup to participate at its next meeting and will distribute to the Workgroup the family law testing objectives in advance of the meeting. It will further begin drafting questions at that meeting.

ADJOURNMENT

The meeting adjourned at 1:00 p.m.

NEXT MEETING

The next meeting will be 9:00 a.m. Thursday, March 13, 2014, at the offices of Perkins Coie, 1201 3rd Ave Ste. 4800, Seattle, Washington.

	Board Meeting		
No.	Date	Requirement/Topic	Decision
1	1/30/2013	Practice Area	Family law
2	3/14/2013	Scope	Scope limited to Dissolution, Legal Separation, Parenting & Support, Parentage, Intimate Domestic Relationships, and Domestic Violence actions.
3	3/14/2013	Scope	Prohibited from practicing in Defacto Parentage and Nonparental Custody actions.
4	3/14/2013	Forms	Within the approved types of domestic relations actions, LLLTs may select and prepare all pattern forms used to initiate actions.
5	3/14/2013	Education	Must complete 45 credit hours in core curriculum in paralegal studies (each credit hour equals 450 minutes of instruction)
6	3/14/2013	Education	Must complete 12 credit hours in the major or approved practice area (each credit hour equals 450 minutes of instruction)
7	3/14/2013	Education	Core and major course instruction must occur at ABA approved law school or ABA approved paralegal education program
8	3/14/2013	Education	Major curriculum will be developed by or in conjunction with Washington's ABA approved law schools
9		Experience	Must complete 18 months (3,000 hours) of substantive law-related work experience supervised by a licensed lawyer before admission
10	3/14/2013	Experience	Experience not required before exam
11	3/14/2013	Experience	Must complete experience requirement no later than three years after passing the examination and no more than three years prior to admission
12	3/14/2013	Dual Representation	LLLTs are prohibited from engaging in dual representation of parties in family law matters
13	4/18/2013	Domestic Violence Actions	In domestic violence actions, LLLTs may advise and assist clients regarding protection and restraining orders, responses to petitions for protection orders, and modifications and renewals of protection orders
14		Domestic Violence Actions	In domestic violence actions, LLLTs will be prohibited from advising and assisting clients with anti-harassment orders, criminal no contact orders, and sexual assault protection orders.
			In relocation actions, LLLTs may advise and assist clients regarding relocation petitions, ex parte final orders, motions/declarations to waive notice requirements,
15	4/18/2013	Relocation Actions	and child support paperwork.

	Board Meeting		
No.	Date	Requirement/Topic	Decision
16	4/18/2013	Relocation Actions	In relocation actions, LLLTs will be prohibited from advising and assisting clients regarding objections to relocation petitions, responses to objections, and temporary orders.
17	4/18/2013	Relocation Actions	In relocation actions, LLLTs must terminate the legal services and advise the client to seek the advice of a lawyer if an objection is filed or there is a need for temporary orders.
18			Applicants must have a minimum of an associate level degree subject to any waiver provided for in the regulations
19	4/18/2013	Pro Bono	The pro bono requirement should be stricken from APR 28(D)(3)
20	4/18/2013	Examination	The qualifying examination will include a core exam and a major area of study exam which will be comprised of three parts: a multiple choice section, an essay section, and a practicum section
21	4/18/2013	Examination	The ethics section of the examination shall be built into both the core and major exams
22	5/16/2013	Limited time waiver	The limited time waiver period shall begin when the Board begins accepting applications and shall end on December 31, 2016.
23	5/16/2013	Limited time waiver	During the limited time waiver, educational institutions may waive or give credit for core course requirements if the institution determines the previous courses taken by students are substantially equivalent to the Board-mandated core curriculum requirements.
24	5/16/2013	Fingerprint cards	Fingerprint cards for criminal history checks shall be required of all applicants prior to licensing similar to the LPO model with administrative details to be determined by WSBA staff.
25	5/16/2013	Financial responsibility	Proof of financial responsibility shall be required of all applicants prior to licensing similar to the LPO model with administrative details to be determined by WSBA staff.
26	5/16/2013	Character & Fitness	Good moral character requirements for all applicants shall parallel the procedures used for lawyer applicants with a process that provides for a character and fitness board/panel of three people, with a right of appeal to the full Board if an applicant is rejected on character and fitness grounds.
27	5/16/2013	APR 28 Amendments	The parenthetical should be stricken from APR 28(F)(8)

	Board Meeting		
No.	Date	Requirement/Topic	Decision
28	5/16/2013	APR 28 Amendments	Under APR 28(F)(6), amend the language to "Select, and complete, file, and effect service of forms that have been approved by the State of Washington, either through a governmental agency or by the Administrative Office of the Courts"
29	5/16/2013	APR 28 Amendments	Approved APR 28 amendments for submission to the Supreme Court relating to APR 28(D)(3), APR 28(E), and APR 28(F) establishing new education and experience requirements for applicants and amending certain scope provisions in the rule.
30	6/20/2013	Scope	Unless an issue prohibited by regulation arises, for dissolution and legal separation, paternity, parenting and support, and child support modification actions, LLLTs may initiate actions and advise and assist clients regarding trial preparation; final orders, i.e. findings of fact and conclusions of law, final decrees, parenting plans, and orders of child support; and modifications of final orders of support.
31	6/20/2013	Scope	Unless an issue prohibited by regulation arises, LLLTs may select and prepare all forms authorized by APR 28(F)(6) for dissolution and legal separation, paternity, parenting and support, and child support modification actions.
32	6/20/2013	Division of Property	LLLTs will be prohibited from advising and assisting clients regarding division of owned real estate, formal business entities, and retirement assets that require a supplemental order to divide or award, which includes division of all defined benefit plans and defined contribution plans.

	Board Meeting		
No.	Date	Requirement/Topic	Decision
			LLLTs will be prohibited from advising and assisting clients regarding bankruptcy, including obtaining a stay from bankruptcy. If one party is in bankruptcy or files a bankruptcy during the pendency of the proceeding, the LLLT may not advise and assist regarding disposition of debts and assets unless: the LLLT's client has retained an lawyer to represent him/her in the bankruptcy; or has consulted with an lawyer and the lawyer has provided written instructions for the LLLT as to whether and how to proceed regarding the division of debts and assets in the domestic relations
33		Bankruptcy	proceeding; or the bankruptcy has been discharged.
		Intimate Domestic Relationship	In intimate domestic relationship actions, LLLTs will be limited to advising and
34	, ,		assisting clients regarding parenting and support issues.
		Intimate Domestic Relationship	In intimate domestic relationship actions, LLLTs will be prohibited from advising and
35	6/20/2013	Actions	assisting clients regarding community property issues.
36	6/20/2013	Collaboration with Lawyers	If in the course of the representation, an issue arises with respect to which the LLLT is prohibited from giving advice or assistance under these rules, then the LLLT shall inform the client in writing that the issue may exist, the LLLT is not authorized to assist on this issue, the failure to obtain a lawyer's advice could be adverse to the client's interests, and the client should consult with a lawyer to obtain appropriate advice and documents necessary to protect the client's rights.
37	6/20/2013	Parenting Plan Modifications	In parenting plan modification actions, LLLTs may advise and assist in preparation of all forms authorized by APR 28(F)(6) for minor and agreed major parenting plan modification actions, unless an issue prohibited by regulation arises.
38	6/20/2013	Parenting Plan Modifications	In parenting plan modification actions, LLLTs will be prohibited from advising and assisting clients regarding major parenting plan modification actions, unless there is agreement by the parties at the onset of the representation by the LLLT.
39	6/20/2013	Limited time waiver	Under a limited time waiver, eligible applicants may waive certain admission requirements provided the applicants meet other specified education and/or experience requirements.

	Board Meeting		
No.	Date	Requirement/Topic	Decision
40	6/20/2013 6/20/2013	Limited time waiver	During the limited time waiver, the Board will grant a waiver of all the core education and the minimum associate level degree to applicants who: (i) have passed the PACE or NALA certification exam; (ii) have maintained the PACE or NALA continuing certification requirements; and (iii) have 10 years of substantive law-related experience supervised by a licensed lawyer within the past 15 years. The core curriculum requirements chart developed by the Admissions and Licensing Subcommittee is adopted in its entirety, including the minimum credit requirements for each course.
	0,20,2013	<u> </u>	The required core education courses taught at the ABA approved paralegal
42	6/20/2013	Education	programs or law schools do not need to have the exact name as listed in the regulations so long as the core curriculum is taught in the courses;
43	6/20/2013	Education	If the required core courses do not total 45 credits, applicants may take any other courses in paralegal studies from an ABA approved paralegal program or law courses at an ABA approved law school to satisfy the 45 credit requirement.
44	6/20/2013	Applications	Applications should instruct the applicant to provide a social security number if the applicant has one; otherwise, it shall not be required.
			If an applicant for initial licensure fails one of the required exams, the applicant will have the opportunity to pass the other exam at the next two administrations of the exam. The passing score is good for a year. If the applicant does not pass after a
45	6/20/2013	Examination	year, the applicant will be required to retake the previously passed exam.
46	6/20/2013	Examination	For purposes of the experience requirements, the three year clock starts after passing both exams.
47	6/20/2013	Examination	There shall be no limit on the number of times an applicant can sit for the exams.
48	6/20/2013	Examination	Each component of the examinations (multi-choice, essay, performance) will be graded independently from the other. An applicant must score 75% on each component to pass the exam. The Board shall not grade other components after failing one component.

	Board Meeting		
No.	Date	Requirement/Topic	Decision
			There shall be no appeal of examination scores and applicants shall not be entitled
49	6/20/2013	Examination	to receive a copy of their failed exams
			The Board adopted Regulation 4 Limited Time Waiver for submission to the
50	6/20/2013	Limited time waiver	Supreme Court.
5 4	7/40/2042	ed	Applicants must complete five credit hours in basic domestic relations subjects and
51	7/18/2013	Education	ten credit hours in advanced and Washington specific domestic relations subjects.
52	7/18/2013	Education	For informational purposes, the tuition for the domestic relations courses is estimated to be \$250
32	7/10/2013	Education	estimated to be \$250
			Prior to enrolling in the domestic relations practice area courses, applicants not
			seeking a waiver must complete the following core courses: Civil Procedure;
			Interviewing and Investigation Techniques; Introduction to Law and Legal Process;
53	7/18/2013	Education	Legal Research, Writing, and Analysis; and Professional Responsibility
			Appendix APR 28 Regulations 1, 3, and 5-12 approved for adoption and submission
54	7/18/2013	APR 28 Appendix	to the Supreme Court.
			LLLTs shall not advise and assist clients regarding the determination of Uniform
	7/40/2042	1100154/111564	Child Custody Jurisdiction and Enforcement Act issues or Uniform Interstate Family
55	//18/2013	UCCJEA/UIFSA	Support Act issues unless and until jurisdiction has been resolved
			In domestic relations actions, LLLTs may select, prepare, file, and serve motions
56	7/18/2013	Motions	consistent with the rule except where other defined prohibitions apply
30	7/10/2013		consistent with the rule except where other defined promotions apply
			In domestic relations actions, LLLTs may assist and advise clients regarding discovery
57	7/18/2013	Discovery	in domestic relations actions except where other defined prohibitions apply
			In domestic relations matters, LLLTs shall not appear or participate in the taking of a
58	7/18/2013	Discovery	deposition
			In domestic relations matters, LLLTs shall not initiate or respond to an appeal to an
59	7/18/2013	Appeals	appellate court.
			LLLTs shall not advise and assist clients with anti-stalking orders in domestic
60	7/18/2013	Domestic Violence Actions	violence actions

	Board Meeting		
No.	Date	Requirement/Topic	Decision
61	7/18/2013	Collaboration with Lawyers	After an issue beyond the LLLT's scope of practice has been identified, an LLLT may prepare a document related to the issue only if a lawyer acting on behalf of the client has provided appropriate documents and written instructions for the LLLT as to whether and how to proceed with respect to the issue. The LLLT shall then be required to follow the instructions and incorporate the terms of the necessary documents into the final court orders. The LLLT may proceed in this manner only if no other defined prohibitions apply
			LLLTs shall not provide legal services if the Indian Child Welfare Act applies to the
62	7/18/2013	Indian Child Welfare Act	matter.
63	7/18/2013	APR 28 Appendix	Appendix APR 28 Regulation 2 approved for adoption and submission to the Supreme Court
			The family law course requirements chart developed by the Family Law Curriculum
64	8/15/2013	Education	Workgroup was adopted in its entirety.
65	8/15/2013	RPC	The existing lawyer RPC will serve as the basis for the LLLT RPC.
66	8/15/2013	RPC	The following approach to drafting the RPC will be used: Determine which lawyer RPC (1) do not apply, (2) do apply, (3) apply but need modification, and (4) are missing and need to be added
67	8/15/2013	Service Member's Civil Relief Act	LLLTs may provide legal services if a party to the action is covered by the Service Member's Civil Relief Act or the Servicemembers Civil Relief Act.
68		Communication	An LLLT may not communicate with an unrepresented opposing party or a lawyer and LLLT representing the opposing party
69	9/16/2013	Business Arrangements	Nonlawyer ownership of LLLT practices and/or fee sharing with nonlawyers is prohibited.
70	10/17/2013	RPC Preamble	The Fundamental Principles, Preamble, and Scope Sections of the LLLT Rules of Professional Conduct are adopted in their entirety.
71	10/17/2013	Limited time waiver	The NALS Professional Paralegal exam and the PP certification shall qualify for the limited time waiver.
72	10/17/2013	Education	Students may enroll in the family law courses if they have (1) a paralegal degree or certificate from an ABA approved program and (2) at least half of the required 45 credit hours of core curriculum.

	Board Meeting		
No.	Date	Requirement/Topic	Decision
			Partnerships between lawyers shall be permitted under a new provision to RPC Title
73	10/17/2013	Business Arrangements	5.
			A Family Law Curriculum Workgroup should be convened to assist with exam
			creation and to advise the LLLT Board on changes in the law that may require
74	10/17/2013	Family Law Exam	changes to scope or exam questions.
75	11/21/2013	RPC Title 5	Proposed Title 5 of the LLLT Rules of Professional Conduct is adopted in its entirety.
76	11/21/2013	Fee sharing	Fee sharing under RPC 1.5(e) should be prohibited.
77	11/21/2013	Retainers	An LLLT shall not accept, collect, or share in retainer funds.
78	12/19/2013	IOLTA rules	Proposed RPC 1.15A and RPC 1.15B of the LLLT RPC are adopted in their entirety.
			The National Federation of Paralegal Association's Paralegal Core Competency (PCC)
79	1/16/2014	Core Exam	Exam shall be used for testing the LLLT core education
			Proposed RPC 1.1 to RPC 1.6 of the LLLT Rules of Professional Conduct are approved
80	2/20/2014	RPC 1.1-1.6	in their entirety
			Proposed RPC 1.13, RPC 1.16, and RPC 1.17 of the LLLT Rules of Professional
81	2/20/2014	RPC 1.13, RPC 1.16, RPC 1.17	Conduct are approved in their entirety
			Proposed RPC Title 2 of the LLLT Rules of Professional Conduct is approved in its
82	2/20/2014	RPC Title 2	entirety
			Waiver applicants who apply prior to waiver expiration do not need to take the PCC
83	2/20/2014	Core Exam	Exam
			Proposed Amendments to Appendix APR 28 Regulations 5 and 8 are approved in
84	2/20/2014	Exam & Application Requirements	their entirety

ADMISSION TO PRACTICE RULES

RULE 28 LIMITED PRACTICE RULE FOR LIMITED LICENSE LEGAL TECHNICIANS

- A. Purpose. The Civil Legal Needs Study (2003), commissioned by the Supreme Court, clearly established that the legal needs of the consuming public are not currently being met. The public is entitled to be assured that legal services are rendered only by qualified trained legal practitioners. Only the legal profession is authorized to provide such services. The purpose of this rule is to authorize certain persons to render limited legal assistance or advice in approved practice areas of law. This rule shall prescribes the conditions of and limitations upon the provision of such services in order to protect the public and ensure that only trained and qualified legal practitioners may provide the same. This rule is intended to permit trained Limited License Legal Technicians to provide limited legal assistance under carefully regulated circumstances in ways that expand the affordability of quality legal assistance which protects the public interest.
- **B. Definitions.** For purposes of this rule, the following definitions will apply:
- (1) "APR" means the Supreme Court's Admission to Practice Rules.
- (2) "Board" when used alone means the Limited License Legal Technician Board.
- (3) "Lawyer" means a person licensed and eligible to practice law in any U.S. jurisdiction.
- (4) "Limited License Legal Technician" means a person qualified by education, training and work experience who is authorized to engage in the limited practice of law in approved practice areas of law as specified by this rule and related regulations. The legal technician does not represent the client in court proceedings or negotiations, but provides limited legal assistance as set forth in this rule to a pro se client.
- (5) "Paralegal/legal assistant" means a person qualified by education, training or work experience, who is employed or retained by a lawyer, law office, corporation, governmental agency or other entity and who performs specifically delegated substantive law-related work for which a lawyer is responsible
- (6) "Reviewed and approved by a Washington lawyer" means that a Washington lawyer has personally supervised the legal work and documented that supervision by the Washington lawyer's signature and bar number.
- (7) "Substantive law-related work" means work that requires knowledge of legal concepts and is customarily, but not necessarily, performed by a lawyer.
- (8) "Supervised" means a lawyer personally directs, approves and has responsibility for work performed by the Limited License Legal Technician.
- (9) "Washington lawyer" means a person licensed and eligible to practice law in Washington and who is an active or emeritus member of the Washington State Bar Association.

(10) Words of authority:

(a) "May" means "has discretion to," "has a right to," or "is permitted to".

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- (b) "Must" or "shall" mean "is required to.
- (c) "Should" means recommended but not required.

C. Limited License Legal Technician Board

- (1) Establishment. There is hereby established a Limited License Legal Technician Board. The Board shall consist of 13 members appointed by the Supreme Court of the State of Washington, nine of whom shall be active Washington lawyers, and four of whom shall be nonlawyer Washington residents. At least one member shall be a legal educator. The members shall initially be appointed to staggered terms of one to three years. Thereafter, appointments shall be for three year terms. No member may serve more than two consecutive full three year terms.
- (2) Board Responsibilities. The Board shall be responsible for the following:
 - (a) Recommending practice areas of law for LLLTs, subject to approval by the Supreme Court;
 - (b) Processing applications and fees, and screening applicants;
 - (c) Administering the examinations required under this rule which shall, at a minimum, cover the rules of professional conduct applicable to Limited License Legal Technicians, rules relating to the attorney client privilege, procedural rules and substantive law issues related to one or more approved practice areas;
 - (d) Determining LLLT Continuing Legal Education (LLLT CLE) requirements and approval of LLLT CLE programs;
 - (e) Approving education and experience requirements for licensure in approved practice areas;
 - (f) Establishing and over-seeing committees and tenure of members;
 - (g) Establishing and collecting examination fees, LLLT CLE fees, annual license fees, and other fees in such amounts approved by the Supreme Court as are necessary to carry out the duties and responsibilities of the Board; and
 - (h) Such other activities and functions as are expressly provided for in this rule.
- (3) Rules and Regulations. The Board shall propose rules and regulations for adoption by the Supreme Court that:
 - (a) Establish procedures for grievances and disciplinary proceedings;
 - (b) Establish trust account requirements and procedures;
 - (c) Establish rules of professional and ethical conduct; and
 - (d) Implement the other provisions of this rule.
- (4) Administration and Expenses of the Board. The Washington State Bar Association shall provide reasonably necessary administrative support for the Board. Members of the Board shall not be compensated for their services but shall be reimbursed for actual and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their duties according to the Washington State Bar Association's expense policies. Funds accumulated from examination fees, annual fees, and other revenues shall be used to defray the expenses of the Board. All expenses incurred and fees collected shall be submitted on a budget approved by the Washington State Bar Association's Board of Governors.

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- D. Requirements for Applicants. An applicant for licensure as a Limited License Legal Technician shall:
- (1) Age. Be at least 18 years of age.
- (2) *Moral Character and Fitness to Practice*. Be of good moral character and demonstrate fitness to practice as a Limited License Legal Technician.
- (3) Education. Have the following education, unless waived by the Board through regulation:
 - (a) An associate level degree or higher;
 - (b) 45 credit hours of core curriculum instruction in paralegal studies as approved by the Board with instruction to occur at an ABA approved law school or ABA approved paralegal education program; and
 - (c) In each practice area in which an applicant seeks licensure, instruction in the approved practice area, which must be based on a curriculum developed by or in conjunction with an ABA approved law school. For each approved practice area, the Board shall determine the key concepts or topics to be covered in the curriculum and the number of credit hours of instruction required for admission in that practice area.
 - (d) For the purposes of satisfying APR 28(D)(3), one credit hour shall be equivalent to 450 minutes of instruction.
- (4) Application. Execute under oath and file with the Board his/her application, in such form as the Board requires. An applicant's failure to furnish information requested by the Board or pertinent to the pending application may be grounds for denial of the application.
- (5) Examination Fee. Pay, upon the filing of the application, the examination fee and any other required application fees as established by the Board and approved by the Supreme Court.
- E. Licensing Requirements. In order to be licensed as a Limited License Legal Technician, all applicants must:
- (1) Examination. Take and pass the examinations required under these rules;
- (2) Experience. Acquire 3,000 hours of substantive law-related work experience supervised by a licensed lawyer. The experience must be acquired no more than three years prior to licensure and no more than three years after passing the examination;
- (3) Annual License Fee. Pay the annual license fee;
- (4) Financial Responsibility. Show proof of ability to respond in damages resulting from his or her acts or omissions in the performance of services permitted by this rules. The proof of financial responsibility shall be in such form and in such amount as the Board may by regulation prescribe; and
- (5) Meet all other licensing requirements set forth in the rules and regulations proposed by the Board and adopted by the Supreme Court.
- **F.** Scope of Practice Authorized by Limited Practice Rule. The Limited License Legal Technician shall ascertain whether the issue is within the defined practice area for which the LLLT is licensed. It if is not, the LLLT shall not provide the services required on this issue and shall inform the client that the

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client should seek the services of a lawyer. If the issue is within the defined practice area, the LLLT may undertake the following:

- (1) Obtain relevant facts, and explain the relevancy of such information to the client;
- (2) Inform the client of applicable procedures, including deadlines, documents which must be filed, and the anticipated course of the legal proceeding;
- (3) Inform the client of applicable procedures for proper service of process and filing of legal documents;
- (4) Provide the client with self-help materials prepared by a Washington lawyer or approved by the Board, which contain information about relevant legal requirements, case law basis for the client's claim, and venue and jurisdiction requirements;
- (5) Review documents or exhibits that the client has received from the opposing side, and explain them to the client;
- (6) Select, complete, file, and effect service of forms that have been approved by the State of Washington, either through a governmental agency or by the Administrative Office of the Courts or the content of which is specified by statute; federal forms; forms prepared by a Washington lawyer; or forms approved by the Board; and advise the client of the significance of the selected forms to the client's case;
- (7) Perform legal research and draft legal letters and pleadings documents beyond what is permitted in the previous paragraph, if the work is reviewed and approved by a Washington lawyer;
- (8) Advise a client as to other documents that may be necessary to the client's case, and explain how such additional documents or pleadings may affect the client's case;
- (9) Assist the client in obtaining necessary documents, such as birth, death, or marriage certificates.

G. Conditions Under Which A Limited License Legal Technician May Provide Services

- (1) A Limited License Legal Technician must have a principal place of business having a physical street address for the acceptance of service of process in the State of Washington;
- (2) A Limited License Legal Technician must personally perform the authorized services for the client and may not delegate these to a nonlicensed person. Nothing in this prohibition shall prevent a person who is not a licensed LLLT from performing translation services;
- (3) Prior to the performance of the services for a fee, the Limited License Legal Technician shall enter into a written contract with the client, signed by both the client and the Limited License Legal Technician that includes the following provisions:
 - (a) An explanation of the services to be performed, including a conspicuous statement that the Limited License Legal Technician may not appear or represent the client in court, formal administrative adjudicative proceedings, or other formal dispute resolution process or negotiate the client's legal rights or responsibilities, unless permitted under GR 24(b);
 - (b) Identification of all fees and costs to be charged to the client for the services to be performed;

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- (c) A statement that upon the client's request, the LLLT shall provide to the client any documents submitted by the client to the Limited License Legal Technician;
- (d) A statement that the Limited License Legal Technician is not a lawyer and may only perform limited legal services. This statement shall be on the face first page of the contract in minimum twelve-point bold type print;
- (e) A statement describing the Limited License Legal Technician's duty to protect the confidentiality of information provided by the client and the Limited License Legal Technician's work product associated with the services sought or provided by the Limited License Legal Technician;
- (f) A statement that the client has the right to rescind the contract at any time and receive a full refund of unearned fees. This statement shall be conspicuously set forth in the contract; and
- (g) Any other conditions required by the rules and regulations of the Board.
- (4) A Limited License Legal Technician may not provide services that exceed the scope of practice authorized by this rule, and shall inform the client, in such instance, that the client should seek the services of a lawyer.
- (5) A document prepared by an LLLT shall include the LLLT's name, signature, and license number beneath the signature of the client.
- H. Prohibited Acts. In the course of dealing with clients or prospective clients, a Limited License Legal Technician shall not:
- (1) Make any statement that the Limited License Legal Technician can or will obtain special favors from or has special influence with any court or governmental agency;
- (2) Retain any fees or costs for services not performed;
- (3) Refuse to return documents supplied by, prepared by, or paid for by the client, upon the request of the client. These documents must be returned upon request even if there is a fee dispute between the Limited License Legal Technician and the client; or
- (4) Represent or advertise, in connection with the provision of services, other legal titles or credentials that could cause a client to believe that the Limited License Legal Technician possesses professional legal skills beyond those authorized by the license held by the Limited License Legal Technician;
- (5) Represent a client in court proceedings, formal administrative adjudicative proceedings, or other formal dispute resolution process, unless permitted by GR 24;
- (6) Negotiate the client's legal rights or responsibilities, or communicate with another person the client's position or convey to the client the position of another party; unless permitted by GR 24(b).
- (7) Provide services to a client in connection with a legal matter in another state, unless permitted by the laws of that state to perform such services for the client.
- (8) Represent or otherwise provide legal or law related services to a client, except as permitted by law, this rule or associated rules and regulations;
- (9) Otherwise violate the Limited License Legal Technicians' Rules of Professional Conduct.

I. Continuing Licensing Requirements

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- (1) Continuing Education Requirements. Each Limited License Legal Technician annually must complete the Board-approved number of credit hours in courses or activities approved by the Board; provided that the Limited License Legal Technician shall not be required to comply with this subsection during the calendar year in which he or she is initially licensed.
- (2) Financial Responsibility. Each Limited License Legal Technician shall annually provide proof of financial responsibility in such form and in such amount as the Board may by regulation prescribe.
- (3) Annual Fee. Each Limited License Legal Technician shall pay the annual license fee established by the Board and approved by the Supreme Court.
- J. Existing Law Unchanged. This rule shall in no way modify existing law prohibiting nonlawyers from practicing law or giving legal advice other than as authorized under this rule or associated rules and regulations.
- K. Professional Responsibility and Limited License Legal Technician-Client Relationship
- (1) Limited License Legal Technicians acting within the scope of authority set forth in this rule shall be held to the standard of care of a Washington lawyer.
- (2) Limited License Legal Technicians shall be held to the ethical standards of the Limited License Legal Technicians' Rules of Professional Conduct, which shall create an LLLT IOLTA program for the proper handling of funds coming into the possession of the Limited License Legal Technician.
- (3) The Washington law of attorney-client privilege and law of a lawyer's fiduciary responsibility to the client shall apply to the Limited License Legal Technician-client relationship to the same extent as it would apply to an attorney-client relationship.
- L. Confidentiality and Public Records
- (1) GR 12.4 shall apply to access to Board records.
- (2) Unless expressly authorized by the Supreme Court or by the applicant, all application records, including related investigation files, documents and proceedings, for the limited admission to the practice of law as an LLLT are confidential and shall be privileged against disclosure, except as necessary to conduct an investigation, hearing, appeal, or review pursuant to these rules.
- (3) Unless expressly authorized by the Supreme Court, all examination questions, scoring keys and other examination data used by the Board to administer the LLLT licensing examinations are not subject to public disclosure.
- (3)(4) Unless expressly authorized by the Supreme Court or the LLLT, the following Board records are exempt from public access: personal information in Board records for LLLTs to the extent that disclosure would violate their right of privacy, including home contact information (unless such information is their address of record), Social Security numbers, driver's license numbers, identification or security photographs held in Board records, and personal data including ethnicity, race, disability status, gender, and sexual orientation. License status, license number, dates of admission or licensing, addresses of record, and business telephone numbers, facsimile numbers, and electronic mail addresses (unless there has been a request

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that electronic mail addresses not be made public) shall not be exempt, provided that any such information shall be exempt if the Chair of the Board approves the confidentiality of that information for reasons of personal security or other compelling reason, which approval must be reviewed annually.

Comment [c1]: Topic for discussion by Board

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APPENDIX APR 28. REGULATIONS OF THE APR 28 LIMITED LICENSE LEGAL TECHNICIAN BOARD

REGULATION 1: IN GENERAL

Every person desiring to be licensed and to maintain licensure as a Limited License Legal Technician (LLLT) pursuant to Admission to-and Practice Rule (APR) 28 shall satisfy all of the requirements of APR 28 and Appendix APR 28.

To facilitate prompt administration of APR 28 and these regulations, designated staff of the Washington State Bar Association (WSBAAssociation) may act on behalf of the LLLT Board under APR 28 and these regulations.

REGULATION 2: PRACTICE AREAS—SCOPE OF PRACTICE AUTHORIZED BY LIMITED LICENSE LEGAL TECHNICIAN RULE

In each practice area in which an LLLT is licensed, the LLLT shall comply with the provisions defining the scope of practice as found in APR 28 and as described herein.

A. Issues Beyond the Scope of Authorized Practice.

An LLLT has an affirmative duty under APR 28F to inform clients when issues arise that are beyond the authorized scope of the LLLT's practice. When an affirmative duty under APR 28F arises, then the LLLT shall inform the client in writing that:

- 1. the issue may exist, describing in general terms the nature of the issue;
- 2. the LLLT is not authorized to advise or assist on this issue;
- 3. the failure to obtain a lawyer's advice could be adverse to the client's interests; and,
- 4. the client should consult with a lawyer to obtain appropriate advice and documents necessary to protect the client's interests.

After an issue beyond the LLLT's scope of practice has been identified, an LLLT may prepare a document related to the issue only if a lawyer acting on behalf of the client has provided appropriate documents and written instructions for the LLLT as to whether and how to proceed with respect to the issue. The LLLT shall then be required to follow the instructions and incorporate the terms of the necessary documents into the final court orders. The LLLT may proceed in this manner only if no other defined prohibitions apply.

B. Domestic Relations.

1. Domestic Relations, Defined. For the purposes of these Regulations, domestic relations shall include only: (a) child support modification actions, (b) dissolution actions, (c) domestic violence actions, except as prohibited by Regulation 2B(3), (d) committed intimate relationship actions only as they pertain to parenting and support issues, (e) legal separation actions, (f) major parenting plan modifications when the terms are agreed to by the parties before the onset of the representation by the LLLT, (g) minor parenting plan modifications,

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- (h) parenting and support actions, (i) paternity actions, and (j) relocation actions, except as prohibited by Regulation 2B(3).
- 2. Scope of Practice for Limited License Legal Technicians LLLTs in domestic relations may provide legal services to clients as provided in APR 28F, except as prohibited by APR 28H and Regulation 2B(3). Unless an issue beyond the scope arises or a prohibited act would be required, LLLTs may advise and assist clients (1) to initiate and respond to actions and (2) regarding motions, discovery, trial preparation, temporary and final orders, and modifications of orders.
- 3. Prohibited Acts. In addition to the prohibitions set forth in APR 28H, in the course of dealing with clients or prospective clients, LLLTs licensed to practice in domestic relations:
 - a. shall not represent more than one party in any domestic relations matter;
 - b. shall not provide legal services:
 - i. in defacto parentage or nonparental custody actions; and
 - ii. if 25 U.S.C. Chapter 21, the Indian Child Welfare Act, or RCW 13.38, the Washington State Indian Child Welfare Act, applies to the matter;
 - c. shall not advise or assist clients regarding:
 - division of owned real estate, formal business entities, or retirement assets that require a supplemental order to divide and award, which includes division of all defined benefit plans and defined contribution plans;
 - ii. bankruptcy, including obtaining a stay from bankruptcy;
 - iii. disposition of debts and assets, if one party is in bankruptcy or files a bankruptcy during the pendency of the proceeding, unless: (a) the LLLT's client has retained a lawyer to represent him/her in the bankruptcy, (b) the client has consulted with a lawyer and the lawyer has provided written instructions for the LLLT as to whether and how to proceed regarding the division of debts and assets in the domestic relations proceeding, or (c) the bankruptcy has been discharged;
 - iv. anti-harassment orders, criminal no contact orders, anti-stalking orders, and sexual assault protection orders in domestic violence actions;
 - v. pseudo community jointly acquired committed intimate relationship property issues in committed intimate relationship actions;
 - vi. major parenting plan modifications unless the terms were agreed to by the parties before the onset of the representation by the LLLT;
 - vii. the determination of Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction and Enforcement Act issues under RCW 26.27 or Uniform Interstate Family Support Act issues under RCW 26.21A unless and until jurisdiction has been resolved;
 - viii. objections to relocation petitions, responses to objections to relocation petitions, or temporary orders in relocation actions;
 - ix. final revised parenting plans in relocation actions except in the event of default or where the terms have been agreed to by the parties.
 - d. shall not appear or participate at the taking of a deposition; and

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Comment [c1]: Recommendation of Tom Andrews based on case law e. shall not initiate or respond to an appeal to an appellate court.

REGULATION 3: EDUCATION REQUIREMENTS FOR APPLICANTS

An applicant for licensure shall satisfy the following education requirements:

- **A. Core Curriculum**. An applicant for licensure shall have earned the following course credits at an ABA approved law school or ABA approved paralegal program:
- 1. Civil Procedure, minimum 8 credits;
- 2. Contracts, minimum 3 credits;
- 3. Interviewing and Investigation Techniques, minimum 3 credits;
- 4. Introduction to Law and Legal Process, minimum 3 credits;
- 5. Law Office Procedures and Technology, minimum 3credits;
- 6. Legal Research, Writing and Analysis, minimum 8 credits; and
- 7. Professional Responsibility, minimum 3 credits.

The core curriculum courses in which credit is earned shall satisfy the curricular requirements approved by the Board and published by the WSBAAssociation. If the required core curriculum courses completed by the applicant do not total 45 credits as required by APR 28D(3)(b), then the applicant may earn the remaining credits by taking legal or paralegal elective courses at an ABA approved law school or ABA approved paralegal program.

- **B.** Practice Area Curriculum. An applicant for licensure in a defined practice area shall have completed the prescribed curriculum and earned course credits for that defined practice area, as set forth below and in APR 28D(3)(c). Each practice area curriculum course shall satisfy the curricular requirements approved by the Board and published by the WSBAAssociation.
- 1. Domestic Relations.
 - a. Prerequisites: Prior to enrolling in the domestic relations practice area courses, applicants shall complete the following core courses: Civil Procedure; Interviewing and Investigation Techniques; Introduction to Law and Legal Process; Legal Research, Writing, and Analysis; and Professional Responsibility.
 - b. Credit Requirements: Applicants shall complete five credit hours in basic domestic relations subjects and ten credit hours in advanced and Washington specific domestic relations subjects.

REGULATION 4: LIMITED TIME WAIVERS

A. Limited Time Waiver, Defined. For the limited time between the date the Board begins to accept applications and December 31, 2016, the Board shall grant a waiver of the minimum associate-level degree requirement and/or the core curriculum education requirement set forth in APR 28D(3) if an applicant meets the requirements set forth in Regulation 4B. The Board shall not grant waivers for applications filed after December 31, 2016. The Board shall not waive the

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practice area curriculum requirement. The limited time waiver application will be separate from the application process for licensure set forth in these regulations.

- **B. Waiver Requirements and Applications.** To qualify for the limited time waiver, an applicant shall pay the required fee, submit the required waiver application form, and provide proof, in such form and manner as the Board requires, that he/she has:
- Passed the Certified Paralegal Exam conducted by the National Association of Legal
 Assistants (NALA) or the Paralegal Advanced Competency Exam (PACE) conducted by the
 National Federation of Paralegal Associations (NFPA) Board approved national paralegal
 certification examination;
- 2. Active certification as a Certified Paralegal with NALA or as a PACE Registered Paralegal with NFPAfrom a Board approved national paralegal certification organization; and
- 3. Completed 10 years of substantive law-related experience supervised by a licensed lawyer within the 15 years preceding the application for the waiver. Proof of 10 years of substantive-law related experience supervised by a licensed lawyer shall include the following:
 - a. the name and bar number of the supervising lawyer(s),
 - b. certification by the lawyer that the work experience meets the definition of substantive law-related work experience as defined in APR 28, and
 - c. the dates of employment or service.
- **C. Review of Limited Time Waiver Application.** WSBA staff The Association shall review each limited time waiver application to determine if the application meets the waiver requirements. Any application that does not meet the limited time waiver requirements as established by this Regulation shall be denied by the WSBA staff Association on administrative grounds, with a written statement of the reason(s) for denial.
- **D. Review of Denial.** An applicant whose application for waiver has been denied by WSBA staffthe Association may request review by the Board chair. Such request shall be filed with WSBA staffthe Association within 14 days of the date of the notification of denial. The applicant shall be provided with written notification of the chair's decision, which is not subject to review.
- **E. Expiration of Limited Time Waiver Approval.** Approval of the limited time waiver application shall expire December 31, 2018. After expiration of the approval, any subsequent application for licensure by the applicant shall meet all of the standard requirements for licensure without waiver.

REGULATION 5: APPLICATIONS

A. Fees. All applications shall be accompanied by the required application fee.

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- **B. Application for Licensure.** An applicant for licensure as an LLLT shall complete and file with the <a href="https://www.wsb.ac.iden.com/ws
- 1. a completed application for licensure to limited practice under APR 28; in a form and manner prescribed by the Board;
- 2. all-official transcripts demonstrating completion of
 - a. at a minimum, an associate level degree, except applicants who have been approved for a limited time waiver pursuant to Regulation 4,
 - b. the core curriculum required pursuant to Regulation 3A, except applicants who have been approved for a limited time waiver pursuant to Regulation 4, and
 - c. the practice area curriculum required pursuant to Regulation 3B; and
- 3. original proof of passing the Core Curriculum Examination as required by Regulation 8; and 3.4.a signed and notarized Authorization, Release and Affidavit of Applicant.
- **C. Application for Additional Practice Area.** An LLLT seeking licensure in an additional practice area must complete and file with the WSBAAssociation:
- 1. a completed practice area application, for licensure to limited practice under APR 28in a form and manner prescribed by the Board;
- an official transcript demonstrating completion of the practice area curriculum required under Regulation 3B; and
- 3. a signed and notarized Authorization, Release and Affidavit of Applicant.
- **D. Background Check.** Each applicant for licensure shall submit a fingerprint card to the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) for a criminal history record check and provide to the FBI a release for the results of the criminal history check to be sent directly to the WSBAAssociation. A Washington LLLT applying for licensure in an additional practice area shall not be required to submit a fingerprint card, unless it has been more than two years since the LLLT was last issued a license.

The applicant shall furnish whatever additional information or proof may be required in the course of investigating the applicant, and failure to furnish such information may be grounds for denial of licensure.

REGULATION 6: APPROVAL OR DENIAL OF APPLICATION ON ADMINISTRATIVE GROUNDS

A. Review of Application. WSBA staffThe Association shall review each application to determine if the application meets the criteria for licensure established in APR 28. Any application that does not meet the initial criteria for licensure as established by APR 28 shall be denied by the WSBA staff Association on administrative grounds, except for those applications where there is a substantial question as to the applicant's good moral character or fitness to practice. The applicant will be notified whether the application has been approved or denied. If

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the application has been denied, the applicant will be notified of the grounds for the denial and the review process.

- **B. Review of Denial.** Every applicant who has been denied licensure under APR 28 on administrative grounds may request review by the Board chair. To request review, an applicant shall submit a written request within 14 days of the date the denial of application was issued and state the reason for the request.
- **C. Procedure for Review.** The Board chair shall consider the request for review on the written record only and shall hear no oral arguments. The chair shall enter a written decision which may affirm or reverse the denial of the application or direct further investigation.

REGULATION 7: CHARACTER AND FITNESS

- **A.** Question of Character and Fitness. Each applicant for licensure as an LLLT shall establish good moral character and fitness to practice as defined in APR 21 and APR 22(a). When considering an applicant's good moral character and fitness to practice, the Board, Association staff, and Bar Counsel shall apply the factors set forth in APR 24.2. If there is a substantial question as to the good moral character or fitness to practice of an applicant for admission or admission after disciplinary revocation then the application will be referred to the Character and Fitness Committee of the Board for hearing.
- **B.** Character and Fitness Committee. The Character and Fitness Committee shall be made up of three members of the Board appointed by the Board Chair. The Board Chair shall designate one member of the Board to act as chair of the Committee.

The Character and Fitness Committee shall have the power and authority to accept referrals from the Association concerning matters of character and fitness of applicants, order further investigation of matters relevant to the applications, conduct hearings, perform such other functions as necessary and proper to carry out its duties, and make appropriate recommendations.

- **C. Association Review.** The Association shall review each application to determine whether any of the factors set forth in APR 24.2 are present. The Association shall review the material evidence in a light most favorable to the Association's obligation to recommend the licensing or admission to the limited practice of law only those persons who possess good moral character and fitness to practice.
- **D. Service.** Service of papers and documents shall be made by first class postage prepaid mail to the applicant's, LLLT's, or his or her counsel's, last known address on record with the Association. If properly made, service by mail is deemed accomplished on the date of the mailing. Any notice of change of address shall be submitted in writing to the Association.
- **E. Duty of Applicant**. It shall be the duty of every applicant to cooperate in good faith and furnish whatever additional information or documentation may be required in the course of

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Comment [TJ2]: NEW Regulation

investigating the applicant. Failure to furnish such information may be grounds for denial of the application. Applicants shall not have direct contact with any member of the Committee or Board from the date of filing the application with the Association until the matter is resolved by the Board or Supreme Court, except to the extent direct contact is required during the hearing.

F. Hearings. APR 24.3 shall apply equally to character and fitness hearings conducted pursuant to this Regulation and is incorporated herein by reference, except that the Character and Fitness Board as referenced in APR 24.3 shall mean the Character and Fitness Committee of the LLLT Board. Reference to the chair or chairperson in APR 24.3, as applied in this rule, shall mean the Character and Fitness Committee Chair. Applicants shall appear in person at any hearing before the Character and Fitness Committee, unless the Committee waives the applicant's presence for good cause shown.

G. Decisions and Recommendation of Character and Fitness Committee.

- 1. *Findings of Character and Fitness Committee*. The Character and Fitness Committee will timely file with the Association written findings of fact, conclusions of law, and a recommendation or direct further investigation for the reasons stated in the written findings.
- 2. Action on Recommendation.
- a. If the Committee recommends admission, the record, recommendation, and all exhibits shall be transmitted to the Supreme Court for disposition.
- b. If the Committee recommends against licensure, the record and recommendation shall be retained in the office of the Association unless the applicant submits a written request for review by the Board within 15 days of service of the recommendation. If the applicant so requests, the Committee will transmit the record, recommendation, and all exhibits to the Board for a recommendation. No additional evidence, materials, or argument shall be considered by the Board.

H. Review by the Board.

- 1. *Decision of the Board*. After receipt of the record, the Board will enter a written decision and may affirm or reverse the findings of the Character and Fitness Committee or direct further investigation for the reasons stated in the written decision.
- 2 Action on Recommendation.
- a. If the Board recommends admission, the record, recommendation, and all exhibits shall be transmitted to the Supreme Court for disposition.
- b. If the Board recommends against admission, the record and recommendation shall be retained in the office of the Association unless the applicant requests that it be submitted to the Supreme Court by filing a Notice of Appeal with the Board within 15 days of service of the

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recommendation of the Board. If the applicant so requests, the Board will transmit the record, including the transcript, exhibits, and recommendation to the Supreme Court for review and disposition. The applicant must pay to the Supreme Court any fee required by the Court in connection with appeal and review.

I. Action on Supreme Court's Determination

- 1. *Application Approved*. If the application is approved by the Supreme Court, admission shall be subject to the applicant's taking and passing of the licensing examination and complying with all other requirements for licensure.
- 2. *Application Denied*. If the application is denied by the Supreme Court, the Board shall maintain a record of the application, hearing, and appeal in the Association records.

J. Reapplication

No application for admission may be filed within a period of one year after a final decision of the Character and Fitness Committee, Board, or Supreme Court recommending against admission.

REGULATION 8: EXAMINATIONS; NOTIFICATION OF RESULTS

A. Administration of Examinations. The examinations will be administered at such times and locations as the Board may designate.

An applicant for initial licensure shall pass a core curriculum examination and a practice area examination.

An LLLT who applies for licensure in an additional practice area shall be required to take only the qualifying practice area examination in the practice area for which he or she is seeking licensure.

- **B. Core Curriculum Examination.** The core curriculum examination shall be emprised of three parts: a multiple choice section, an essay section, and a performance section. The passing standard for the core curriculum examination is a score of 75 percent for each section of the exam. A failing grade in one section shall result in failure of the exam, in which case grading of any remaining sections shall not be completed by passing a national paralegal certifying examination as approved by the Board.
- **C. Practice Area Examination.** All practice area examinations shall be comprised of three parts: a multiple choice section, an essay section, and a performance section. The duration, form, and manner of the exam shall be as prescribed by the Board. The passing standard for the practice area examination is a score of 75 percent for each section of the exam. A failing grade in one section shall result in failure of the exam, in which case grading of any remaining sections shall not be completed.

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D. Results-and Reapplications. Each applicant will be notified of the applicant's examination results. Those applicants who fail the examination will be informed of their score on each graded section of the examination. Examination scores shall not be disclosed to those applicants who pass the examination. Copies of the examination shall not be available to any applicant. An applicant who fails the examination may request a copy of the essay and performance sections. An applicant who passes the exam will not receive a copy of the exam.

An applicant who passes the core curriculum examination but fails the practice area examination or vice versa may retake the failed exam at the next two administrations of the exam. The passing score shall be valid for one year from the date the applicant is notified of passing. If the applicant does not pass the failed exam after the next two administrations of the exam, the applicant shall be required to retake the exam he or she passed.

REGULATION 9: SUBSTANTIVE LAW-RELATED WORK EXPERIENCE REOUIREMENT

Each applicant for licensure as a limited license legal technician shall show proof of having completed 3,000 hours of substantive law-related work experience supervised by a licensed lawyer as required by APR 28E(2). The experience requirement shall be completed within three years before or after the date the applicant is notified of passing both the core curriculum and practice area qualifying examinations. The proof shall be provided in such form as the Board requires, but shall include at a minimum:

- 1. the name and bar number of the supervising lawyer;
- 2. certification that the work experience meets the definition of substantive law-related work experience as defined in APR 28;
- 3. the total number of hours of substantive law-related work experience performed under the supervising lawyer; and
- 4. certification that the requisite work experience was acquired within the time period required by APR 28E(2).

REGULATION 10: CERTIFICATION OF RESULTS TO SUPREME COURT;

A. Recommendation for Licensure. The Board shall recommend to the Washington State Supreme Court the licensure of all applicants who have met all licensing requirements set forth in APR 28 and these regulations, including good moral character and fitness to practice. All recommendations of the Board shall be accompanied by the application for licensure and any other documents deemed pertinent by the Board or requested by the Supreme Court. The recommendation and all accompanying documents and papers shall not be public record.

B. Pre-licensure Requirements. Before an applicant who has passed the qualifying examinations may be licensed, the applicant shall:

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- 1. furnish proof of completion of the requisite hours of substantive law-related work experience supervised by a licensed lawyer as required by Regulation 9;
- 2. furnish proof of financial responsibility as required by Regulation 12;
- 3. pay the annual license fee and any assessments for the current year as required by Regulation 11.
- 4. file any and all licensing forms required for active limited license legal technicians; and
- 5. take the Oath of Limited License Legal Technician.

The pre-licensure requirements shall be completed within three years of the date the applicant is notified of the examination results. If an applicant fails to satisfy all the requirements for licensure within this period, the applicant shall not be eligible for licensure under APR 28 without submitting a new application for licensure and retaking the examination.

C. Additional Practice Area Pre-licensure Requirements. An LLLT who is seeking licensure in an additional practice area shall:

- 1. take and pass the additional practice area examination;
- 2. pay the additional practice area annual license fee as stated in the fee schedule; and
- 3. file any and all licensing forms required for active limited license legal technicians.

The requirements above shall be completed within one year of the date the applicant is notified of the examination results. If an LLLT fails to satisfy all the requirements for licensure in an additional practice area within this period, the LLLT shall not be eligible for licensure in the additional practice area without submitting a new application and retaking the examination.

D. Oath of Limited License Legal Technician. The Oath of Limited License Legal Technician shall be taken before an elected or appointed judge, excluding judges pro tempore, sitting in open court in the state of Washington.

E. Contents of Oath. The oath which all applicants shall take is as follows:

OATH FOR LIMITED LICENSE LEGAL TECHNICIANS

STATE OF V	WASHINGTON
COUNTY O	F
I.	. do solemnly declare

- I am fully subject to the laws of the <u>State state</u> of Washington, the laws of the United States, Rule 28 of the Admission <u>to-and</u> Practice Rules, and APR 28 Regulations adopted by the Washington State Supreme Court and will abide by the same;
- 2. I will support the constitutions of the State of Washington and of the United States of America;

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- I will abide by the Limited License Legal Technician Rules of Professional Conduct for Limited License Legal Technicians approved by the Supreme Court of the State of Washington;
- 4. I will confine my activities as a Limited License Legal Technician to those activities allowed by law, rule and regulation and will only utilize documents approved pursuant to APR 28;
- 5. I will faithfully disclose the limitations of my services and that I am not a lawyer;
- 6. I will maintain the confidence and preserve inviolate the secrets of my client and will accept no compensation in connection with the business of my client, unless this compensation is from or with the knowledge and approval of the client or with the approval of the court;
- 7. I will abstain from all offensive personalities and advance no fact prejudicial to the honor or reputation of a party or witness unless required by the justice of the cause with which I am charged;
- 8. I will never reject, from any consideration personal to myself, the cause of the defenseless or oppressed, or delay unjustly the cause of any person.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this day of,	ignature Limited License Legal Techni	cian			
	ubscribed and sworn to before me this	day of _	,	,·	
		aay or _		,	

JUDGE

- **F. Order Admitting to Limited Practice as LLLT**. After examining the recommendation and accompanying documents transmitted by the Board, the Supreme Court may enter such order in each case as it deems advisable. For those applicants it deems qualified, the Supreme Court shall enter an order admitting them to limited practice as LLLTs. Applicants shall be admitted under APR 28 only after the order has been entered by the Supreme Court.
- **G.** Order Admitting LLLT to Limited Practice in Additional Practice Area. After examining the recommendation and accompanying documents transmitted by the Board, the Supreme Court may enter such order in each case as it deems advisable. For those LLLTs it deems qualified, the Supreme Court shall enter an order admitting them to limited practice in the additional practice area.

REGULATION 11: ANNUAL LICENSE FEES

A. Except as set forth in section B of this Regulation, every Limited License Legal Technician shall pay an annual license fee in an amount set by an established fee schedule approved by the Board with the approval of the and the Supreme Court. The annual license fee which is due July August 1 of each year. Annual license fees and shall cover the annual license period of July 1 to

Comment [c3]: Fee schedule would set increasing fee amounts depending on how many practice areas

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<u>June 30.</u> Annual license fees paid after <u>July August</u> 1 shall be subject to a late fee equal to one half the annual license fee. The annual license fee is for the limited license to practice in one defined practice area.

B. The prorated annual license fee for LLLTs who pass the qualifying examination given in the springafter January 1 but before July 1 and who request active status prior to July 1 of that same calendar year shall pay a prorated annual license fee of be one half the amount of the annual license fee. LLLTs shall pay the annual license fee set forth in Regulation 11A to retain their active status after June 30 of the calendar year of their licensure.

C. An LLLT shall pay an annual additional practice area fee for each additional practice area in which the LLLT is licensed. The annual additional practice area fee for each additional practice area shall be one half the amount of the annual license fee. The combined annual additional practice area fees and annual license fee shall not exceed the total cost of active lawyer annual license fees. Annual license fee payment due dates and late fees shall apply to additional practice area fees.

DC. An LLLT shall provide his or her residential and business addresses, telephone numbers, and business email address to the Board at the time of payment of the annual license fee. An LLLT whose address, telephone number, or email address changes shall notify the **WSBAAssociation** within 10 days after the change.

REGULATION 12: FINANCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

A. Insurance Requirement. Each limited license legal technician shall show proof of ability to respond in damages resulting from his or her acts or omissions in the performance of services permitted under APR 28 by:

- 1. Submitting an individual professional liability insurance policy in the amount of at least \$100,000 per claim and a \$300,000 annual aggregate limit; or
- Submitting a professional liability insurance policy of the employer or the parent company of the employer who has agreed to provide coverage for the LLLT's ability to respond in damages in the amount of at least \$100,000 per claim and a \$300,000 annual aggregate limit-; or
- 3. Submitting proof of indemnification by the LLLT's government employer. 2.4.

B. Continuing Requirement. Each active LLLT who is covered by insurance shall file with the WSBA an annual certificate of coverage. The certificate of coverage shall name the covered LLLT(s) and the policy limits and dates shall certify annually by August 1 continued professional liability insurance coverage. Such certification shall be filed annually financial responsibility in a form and manner as prescribed by the Board and shall include the insurer, the policy limits, the account number, and the policy expiration date. Each LLLT shall notify the Board of any cancellation or lapse in coverage.

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Comment [TJ4]: OPTION 1:

REGULATION 12: FINANCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

A. Financial Responsibility Requirement. Each limited license legal technician shall show proof of ability to respond in damages resulting from his or her acts or omissions in the performance of services permitted under APR 28 by:

- 1. Submitting an individual professional liability insurance policy in the amount of at least \$100,000 per claim and a \$300,000 annual aggregate limit;
- 2. Submitting a professional liability insurance policy of the employer or the parent company of the employer who has agreed to provide coverage for the LLLT's ability to respond in damages in the amount of at least \$100,000 per claim and a \$300,000 annual aggregate limit;
- 3. Submitting an audited financial statement showing the applicant's net worth to be at least \$300,000;
- 4. Submitting an audited financial statement of the employer or other surety who agrees to respond in damages for the applicant, showing net worth of \$300,000 plus \$100,000 per each additional LLLT employee; or-
- 5. Submitting proof of indemnification by the LLLT's government employer.

B. Continuing Requirement. Each active LLLT shall certify annually -by August 1 continued financial responsibility in a form and manner as prescribed by the Board. Each LLLT shall notify the Board of any cancellation or lapse in coverage.

REGULATION 13: TRUST ACCOUNT DECLARATION

Each active LLLT shall certify annually compliance with Rules 1.15A and 1.15B of the Rules of Professional Conduct for LLLTs. Such declaration shall be filed by August 1 in a form and manner as prescribed by the Board and shall include the bank where each account is held and the account number.

REGULATION 14: CONTINUING EDUCATION

- **A. Minimum Requirement.** An LLLT shall complete a minimum of ten hours of approved continuing education each license year by June 30. A newly licensed LLLT shall be exempt for the first license year whether a partial or full year. The education must relate to the LLLT's area of practice, scope of practice or the subject matter covered in the required LLLT core curriculum and shall include:
- 1. a minimum of two hours in legal ethics and professional responsibility per license year; and
- 2. a minimum of five live hours per license year.

Each continuing education course shall be approved in accordance with the procedures set forth in continuing education policies approved by the Board.

B. Proof of Compliance. A LLLT shall certify annually by August 1 compliance with the continuing education requirements in a form and manner as prescribed by the Board.

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Comment [TJ5]: OPTION 2 (does not include changes to original reg)

Comment [TJ6]: NEW RULES FROM HERE DOWN

Comment [CRU17]: Amendment to ELC for lawyers? Or specific rule setting out requirements?

Comment [t8]: Have Board discuss this. Should all education be legal in nature?

C. Policies and Fees. The Board shall establish continuing education policies for the efficient administration of this regulation and shall include, but not be limited to, standards for approval of continuing education courses, procedures for reporting attendance, and sponsor duties. The Board shall determine and adjust fees to defray the reasonably necessary costs of administering this regulation.

REGULATION 15: ADMINISTRATIVE SUSPENSION FROM LIMITED PRACTICE

A. Basis for Suspension from Limited Practice. The Board shall request that the Supreme Court suspend an LLLT from limited practice upon:

- 1. notification from the Department of Social and Health Services that an LLLT is more than six months delinquent in noncompliance with a valid and enforceable order entered by a court of competent jurisdiction requiring the LLLT to pay child support; or
- 2. failure of an LLLT to comply with licensing requirements under APR 28 and these Regulations. This includes but is not limited to an LLLT's:
- a. failure to pay the annual license fee as set forth in Regulation 11A;
- b. failure to comply with financial responsibility requirements as set forth in Regulation 12;
- c. failure to file an annual trust account declaration as set forth in Regulation 13;
- d. failure to comply with continuing education requirements as set forth in Regulation 14; and
- e. failure to timely notify the Association of a change of address, telephone number, or email address pursuant to Regulation 11C.
- **B. Notice and Order of Suspension.** The Board shall provide at least 30 days written notice of intent to seek suspension to an LLLT at the LLLT's address of record with the Board. Written notice shall be sent by certified mail. The Board shall establish procedures consistent with these Regulations. An LLLT shall have a right to submit proof that the grounds for suspension do not or no longer exist. After such notice, the Court may enter an order suspending the LLLT from limited practice.
- **C.** Change of Status after Suspension Pursuant to This Regulation. An LLLT who has been administratively suspended under this rule shall have a right to submit proof in a manner and form prescribed by the Board that the grounds for suspension no longer exist. The Court may enter an order changing status upon determination said proof is satisfactory and so long as the LLLT meets all other requirements for limited practice under APR 28 and these regulations.

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Comment [t9]: Bd discussion pt?

REGULATION 16: INACTIVE STATUS

An LLLT may request transfer to inactive status after being admitted. An LLLT who has been transferred to inactive status shall continue to meet all continuing requirements under APR 28 and these regulations except for the financial responsibility and trust account declaration requirements.

An LLLT on inactive status may return to active status by filing an application to return to active status with the Board. To be granted active status, the LLLT shall be current on all licensing requirements, including payment of the annual fees, the continuing education requirements, and the financial responsibility requirements.

REGULATION 17: VOLUNTARY CANCELLATION OF LICENSE

A. Voluntary Cancellation of LLLT License. Any LLLT may request to voluntarily surrender the LLLT license by notifying the Board in writing of the desire to cancel the LLLT license. The Board may deny requests for voluntary cancellation from any LLLT who is the subject of a pending disciplinary investigation or proceeding. After entry of the cancellation order by the Supreme Court, the former LLLT shall not accept any new clients or engage in work as an LLLT in any matter. The Board will notify the LLLT of the effective date of the cancellation if approved. The former LLLT shall then promptly notify by registered or certified mail, return receipt request, all clients in pending matters of the license cancellation and the consequent inability to act as an LLLT.

- **B. Voluntary Cancellation of Single Practice Area License.** An LLLT licensed in two or more practice areas may request to voluntarily surrender a single practice area license by notifying the Board in writing of the desire to cancel the LLLT single practice area license. The Board may deny requests for voluntary cancellation of a single practice area license from any LLLT who is the subject of a pending disciplinary investigation or proceeding. After entry of the cancellation order by the Supreme Court, the LLLT shall not accept any new clients or engage in work as an LLLT in any matter in the voluntarily cancelled practice area. The Board will notify the LLLT of the effective date of the cancellation if approved. The former LLLT shall then promptly notify by registered or certified mail, return receipt request, all clients with pending matters in the voluntarily cancelled practice area of the license cancellation and the consequent inability to act as an LLLT in the specific practice area.
- **C. Reinstatement after Voluntary Cancellation.** In order to be reinstated, an LLLT who voluntarily cancels his or her license must reapply, pass the certifying examinations, and complete all other requirements for licensure pursuant to APR 28 and these Regulations.

REGULATION 18: REAPPLICATION FOR LICENSURE AFTER DISCIPLINARY REVOCATION

No application for licensure after disciplinary revocation shall be filed within a period of five years after revocation or within one year after an adverse decision of the Supreme Court upon a

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former application, or within one year after an adverse recommendation of the Board on a former application when that recommendation is not submitted to the Supreme Court. If prior to revocation the LLLT was suspended on an interim basis pending disciplinary proceedings, the period of suspension shall be credited toward the five years referred to above.

REGULATION 19: NOTICE AND FILING

All notices and filings required by these Regulations, including applications for licensure as a Limited License Legal Technician, shall be delivered to the headquarters of the Association.

REGULATION 20: AMENDMENT AND BOARD POLICIES

These Regulations may be altered, amended, or repealed by vote of the Board on approval of the Supreme Court. The Board has ongoing authority to adopt policies for the administration of the LLLT program consistent with APR 28 and these Regulations.

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